

RUTGERS

New Jersey Agricultural
Experiment Station

Beta-version 2022
Contact: twaller@njaes.Rutgers.edu

Conifer Pest Scouting

Scouting with growing degree-days



Rutgers Green Industry Working Group

Contact: Timothy Waller, Ph.D.

twaller@njaes.Rutgers.edu

WE **R** HERE WHEN YOU NEED US

Cooperating Agencies: Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and Boards of County Commissioners. Rutgers Cooperative Extension, a unit of the Rutgers New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station, is an equal opportunity program provider and employer.

Conifer Pest Scouting Guide

~beta-version 2022~

Timing is everything in pest management! You must obtain your local growing degree-day accumulation values to use this pest scouting guide. Degree-day models allow us to predict when to scout for pests and when to target vulnerable life stages of pest development (egg hatch, adult emergence, crawler activity, adult flight). Growing degree-days (GDD₅₀) refer to the accumulation of heating units, which are the average air temperature over a 24h period minus the minimum temperature threshold. A ‘growing’ degree-day, means the **min. (or base) temperature threshold is 50°F**, whereas the **max. temperature threshold is most often set to 95°F**. Growing degree-days are not exact and should be viewed as *ranges*, i.e. begin scouting prior to GDD₅₀ expectations for any given pest. Blind pesticide applications, without ground-truthing the pest’s development stage, may not deliver desired outcomes in terms of control or ecological impacts on beneficials or wildlife. Please alert twaller@njaes.rutgers.edu if pest observations differ from those listed here.

| Approximate 2021 Growing Degree-days as reference - Differ from region to region, year to year | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Region | Location | 1-Jan | 1-Feb | 1-Mar | 1-Apr | 1-May | 1-Jun | 1-Jul | 1-Aug | 1-Sep | 1-Oct | 1-Nov | 1-Dec |
| Southern | Upper Deerfield (NJ50) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 229 | 591 | 1294 | 2100 | 2937 | 3495 | 3721 | 3725 |
| Central | Howell / Freehold (NJ10) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67 | 153 | 440 | 1090 | 1838 | 2622 | 3134 | 3316 | 3316 |
| Northern – West | High Point (NJ59) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 92 | 353 | 910 | 1519 | 2195 | 2582 | 2649 | 2649 |
| Northern – Metro | Oakland (D6302) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 | 160 | 488 | 1140 | 1867 | 2621 | 3100 | 3207 | 3207 |

Compiled using USPEST.ORG (Base 50, Degree-day calculator(general purpose), Simple average/growing dds (min. 50F - Max. 95F))

| Pest Scouting – Growing Degree-day Ranges | | | | | | 0 – 75 GDD50 | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|---|--|
| Crop Type | Common Name | Scientific Name | GDD Min (50F) | GDD Max (95F) | Ref. | Developmental / Target Stage | |
| Conifer | Taxus mealybug | <i>Dysmicoccus wistariae</i> | 7 | 91 | 2 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | Conifer rust mites | <i>Eriophyidae</i> | 7 | 22 | 4 | Overwintering eggs hatch | |
| Conifer | Elongate hemlock scale | <i>Fiorinia externa</i> | 7 | 120 | 2 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | Pales weevil | <i>Hylobius pales</i> | 7 | 121 | RU | Overwintering adults become active / prevent egg laying | |
| Conifer | Spruce spider mite | <i>Oligonychus ununguis</i> | 7 | 121 | RU | Overwintering eggs hatch | |
| Conifer | White pine weevil | <i>Pissodes strobi</i> | 7 | 58 | RU | Overwintering adults become active / prevent egg laying | |
| Conifer | Juniper scale | <i>Carulaspis juniperi</i> | 22 | 148 | 2 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | Spruce bud scale | <i>Physokermes piceae</i> | 22 | 120 | 2 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | Pine bark adelgid | <i>Pineus strobi</i> | 22 | 58 | 2 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | Eastern spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges abietis</i> | 25 | 100 | 3 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | Cooley spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges cooleyi</i> | 25 | 120 | 3 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | Zimmerman pine moth | <i>Dioryctria zimmermani</i> | 25 | 100 | 3 | 1st larvae | |
| Conifer | Northern pine weevil | <i>Pissodes approximatus</i> | 25 | 100 | 4 | 1st adults active | |
| Conifer | White pine weevil | <i>Pissodes strobi</i> | 25 | 220 | 4 | 1st adults active | |
| Conifer | European pine sawfly | <i>Neodiprion sertifer</i> | 35 | 145 | 1 | Hatched larvae | |
| Conifer | Fletcher scale | <i>Parthenolecanium fletcheri</i> | 35 | 148 | 2 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | European pine shoot moth / borer | <i>Rhyacionia buoliana</i> | 50 | 220 | 4 | 1st larvae active | |
| Conifer | Pine bark adelgid | <i>Pineus strobi</i> | 58 | 618 | 2 | Spring control of overwintering stage | |
| Conifer | Pine tortoise scale | <i>Toumeyela parvicornis</i> | 58 | 148 | 2 | Cralwer activity | |
| Conifer | Balsam twig aphid | <i>Mindarus abietinus</i> | 60 | 100 | 4 | Egg hatch | |

WE **R** HERE WHEN YOU NEED **US**

See final page for additional resources, including how to obtain your local degree-days

| Pest Scouting – Growing Degree-day Ranges | | | | | | 75 – 550 GDD50 |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|---|
| Crop Type | Common Name | Scientific Name | GDD Min (50F) | GDD Max (95F) | Ref. | Developmental / Target Stage |
| Conifer | Eastern pine shoot borer | <i>Eucosma gloriola</i> | 75 | 200 | 4 | 1st adults active |
| Conifer | Cooley spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges cooleyi</i> | 90 | 180 | 4 | 1st adults active - Douglas fir |
| Conifer | Pine engraver (Ips bark beetle) | <i>Ips spp.</i> | 100 | 150 | 4 | 1st adults active |
| Conifer | Balsam twig aphid | <i>Mindarus abietinus</i> | 100 | 150 | 4 | Stem mothers present (control target) |
| Conifer | European pine sawfly | <i>Neodiprion sertifer</i> | 100 | 195 | 4 | 1st larvae active |
| Conifer | Larch casebearer | <i>Coleophora laricella</i> | 120 | 150 | 4 | Egg hatch |
| Conifer | Hemlock Woolly Adelgid | <i>Adelges tsugae</i> | 150 | 150 | RU | Eggs and 10% hatch |
| Conifer | Spruce needleminer | <i>Endothenia albolineana</i> | 150 | 200 | 4 | 1st larvae active |
| Conifer | Spruce spider mite | <i>Oligonychus ununguis</i> | 150 | 175 | 4 | 1st egg hatch |
| Conifer | Spruce spider mite | <i>Oligonychus ununguis</i> | 150 | 175 | 4 | 1st egg hatch |
| Conifer | Balsam gall midge | <i>Paradiplosis tumifex</i> | 150 | 300 | 4 | Adults laying eggs |
| Conifer | Spruce spider mite | <i>Oligonychus ununguis</i> | 190 | 363 | RU | Immatures/Adults |
| Conifer | Cooley spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges cooleyi</i> | 200 | 310 | 4 | 1st galls visible - Spruce |
| Conifer | Douglas fir needle midge | <i>Contarinia pseudotsugae</i> | 200 | 400 | 3 | Adults emerge from soil |
| Conifer | Arborvitae leafminer | <i>Argyresthia thuiella</i> | 245 | 360 | RU | Larvae Treatments (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Pine sawflies (Red-headed) | <i>Neodiprion lecontei</i> | 246 | 1388 | RU | Larvae (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Eastern spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges abietis</i> | 250 | 310 | 5 | egg hatch, galls begin forming (not a control target) |
| Conifer | Pine Needle Scale | <i>Chionaspis pinifoliae</i> | 298 | 448 | RU | Crawlers (1st generation) - control target |
| Conifer | Pine eriophyid mites | <i>Eriophyidae</i> | 298 | 533 | 5 | Typical treatment window |
| Conifer | Turpentine beetle | <i>Dendroctonus terebrans</i> | 300 | 350 | 4 | Parent beetles colonizing brood material |
| Conifer | Pine root collar weevil | <i>Hylobius radicis</i> | 300 | 350 | 4 | 1st adults active |
| Conifer | Hemlock Woolly Adelgid | <i>Adelges tsugae</i> | 350 | 350 | RU | Eggs and 50% hatch |
| Conifer | Elongate Hemlock Scale | <i>Fiorinia externa</i> | 360 | 700 | RU | Crawlers (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Larch casebearer | <i>Coleophora laricella</i> | 363 | 618 | 2,4 | Nymphs active - typical treatment window |
| Conifer | Pine needle midge | <i>Thecodiplosis brachynteroides</i> | 400 | 500 | 7 | Adults (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Pine tortoise scale | <i>Toumeyella parvicornis</i> | 400 | 1000 | 4 | Crawlers |
| Conifer | Striped pine scale | <i>Toumeyella sp.</i> | 400 | 500 | 3 | Crawlers (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Hemlock looper | <i>Lambdina fiscellaria</i> | 448 | 707 | 5 | Typical treatment window |
| Conifer | Pine Chafer (Anomela Beetle) | <i>Anomala obliqua</i> | 450 | 600 | 7 | Adults (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Pine shoot beetle | <i>Tomicus piniperda</i> | 450 | 500 | 4 | Adults emerge; begin shoot feeding - control target |
| Conifer | European pine shoot moth | <i>Rhyacionia buoliana</i> | 480 | 710 | 5 | Larvae Treatment |
| Conifer | Arborvitae Leafminer | <i>Argyresthia thuiella</i> | 533 | 700 | RU | Adults (egg laying) - larvae treatments |

WE **R** HERE WHEN YOU NEED **US**

| Pest Scouting – Growing Degree-day Ranges | | | | | | 550 – 2800 GDD50 |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------|--|
| Crop Type | Common Name | Scientific Name | GDD Min (50F) | GDD Max (95F) | Ref. | Developmental / Target Stage |
| Conifer | Juniper scale | <i>Carulaspis juniperi</i> | 550 | 700 | 7 | Egg hatch |
| Conifer | Balsam gall midge | <i>Paradiplosis tumifex</i> | 550 | 700 | 4 | Galls apparent |
| Conifer | Cooley spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges cooleyi</i> | 600 | 1000 | 7 | Nymphs active - Douglas fir (control target) |
| Conifer | Cryptomeria scale | <i>Aspidiotus cryptomeriae</i> | 600 | 800 | 3 | First crawler emergence |
| Conifer | Cryptomeria scale | <i>Aspidiotus cryptomeriae</i> | 600 | 800 | RU | Crawlers (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Bagworm | <i>Thyridopteryx ephemeraeformis</i> | 600 | 900 | RU | Larvae (early instars) - ONLY CONTROL WINDOW |
| Conifer | Spruce budscale | <i>Physokermes hemicyrhpus</i> | 700 | 1150 | 4 | Crawlers (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Juniper scale | <i>Carulaspis juniperi</i> | 707 | 1260 | RU | Crawlers (1st generation) |
| Conifer | Striped pine scale | <i>Toumeyella pini</i> | 750 | 800 | 4 | Egg hatch |
| Conifer | Pine tortoise scale | <i>Toumeyella parvicornis</i> | 1000 | 1200 | 4 | Egg hatch ends, last of crawlers |
| Conifer | Pales weevil | <i>Hylobius pales</i> | 1200 | 1400 | 4 | Adults 2nd generation |
| Conifer | Pine root collar weevil | <i>Hylobius radicis</i> | 1200 | 1400 | 4 | 2nd generation adults active |
| Conifer | Northern pine weevil | <i>Pissodes nemorensis</i> | 1200 | 1400 | 4 | 2nd generation adults active |
| Conifer | White pine weevil | <i>Pissodes strobi</i> | 1200 | 1400 | 4 | 2nd generation adults active |
| Conifer | Pine Needle Scale | <i>Chionaspis pinifoliae</i> | 1250 | 1350 | 7 | Crawlers (2nd generation) |
| Conifer | Pine Needle Scale | <i>Chionaspis pinifoliae</i> | 1290 | 1917 | 3 | Crawlers emerge (2nd generation) |
| Conifer | Hemlock scale | <i>Abgrallaspis ithacae</i> | 1388 | 2154 | 5 | Typical treatment window |
| Conifer | Cooley spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges cooleyi</i> | 1500 | 1775 | RU | Adults/nymphs (Douglas Fir) |
| Conifer | Pine Needle Scale | <i>Chionaspis pinifoliae</i> | 1500 | - | 4 | Hyaline crawlers = treatment timing |
| Conifer | Nantucket tip moth | <i>Rhyacionia frustrana</i> | 1514 | 1917 | RU | Adults 2nd generation |
| Conifer | Rust-mites | <i>Nalepella and Setoptus spp.</i> | 1644 | 2030 | RU | Nymphs / adults |
| Conifer | Juniper webworm | <i>Dichomeris marginella</i> | 1645 | 1917 | RU | Larvae Treatment |
| Conifer | Cryptomeria scale | <i>Aspidiotus cryptomeriae</i> | 1750 | 2130 | RU, 4 | Crawlers emerge (2nd generation) |
| Conifer | Arborvitae leafminer | <i>Argyresthia thuiella</i> | 1800 | 2200 | RU | Larvae Treatment (3rd generation) |
| Conifer | Cooley spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges cooleyi</i> | 1850 | 1950 | RU | Galls open (Spruce) |
| Conifer | Zimmerman pine moth | <i>Dioryctria zimmermani</i> | 1917 | 2154 | 5 | Treatment window (adult flight-1700 GDD) |
| Conifer | White pine aphid | <i>Cinara strobi</i> | 1991 | 2271 | RU | Adults |
| Conifer | Maskell scale | <i>Iepidosaphes pallia</i> | 2035 | - | 6 | Egg hatch / crawler (2nd generation) |
| Conifer | Spruce spider mite | <i>Oligonychus ununguis</i> | 2375 | 2806 | 5 | Typical treatment window |
| Conifer | Elongate hemlock scale | <i>Fiorinia externa</i> | 2515 | 2625 | RU | Typical treatment window - fall activity |
| Conifer | Eastern spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges abietis</i> | 2800 | 3000 | 3 | Fall control of overwintering stage |
| Conifer | Cooley spruce gall adelgid | <i>Adelges cooleyi</i> | 2800 | 3000 | 3 | Fall control of overwintering stage |

RUTGERS

New Jersey Agricultural
Experiment Station

HAVE YOU SIGNED UP FOR **PLANT & PEST ADVISORY** UPDATES YET?

PLANT & PEST ADVISORY

A RUTGERS COOPERATIVE EXTENSION PUBLICATION

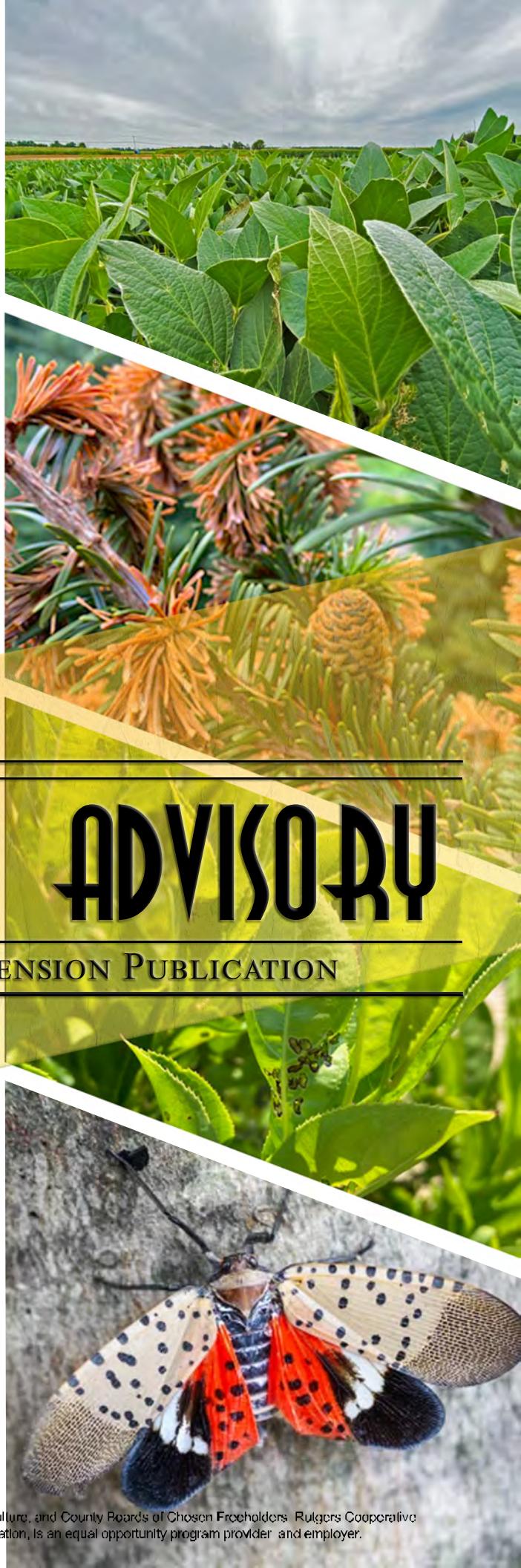
Scan
me
↗



[HTTPS://PLANT-PEST-ADVISORY.RUTGERS.EDU/](https://plant-pest-advisory.rutgers.edu/)

WE **R** HERE WHEN YOU NEED **US**

Cooperating Agencies: Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and County Boards of Chosen Freeholders. Rutgers Cooperative Extension, a unit of the Rutgers New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station, is an equal opportunity program provider and employer.



PLEASE VISIT THESE LINKS FOR MORE INFORMATION

(FOLLOW THE URL IN PDF FORMAT OR SCAN THE QR CODE IF HANDHELD)

Instructions on obtaining your local growing degree-days

<https://plant-pest-advisory.rutgers.edu/?s=obtaining>



UPEST Growing degree-day calculator

https://uspest.org/dd/model_app



NEWA Growing degree-day calculator

<https://newa.cornell.edu/degree-day-calculator>



Syngenta GreenCast Growing degree-day calculator

<https://www.greencastonline.com/growing-degree-days>



Additional Growing Degree-day Resources and Source / Citation Information

1. <http://ccetompkins.org/resources/using-growing-degree-days-for-insect-management>
2. <https://extension.psu.edu/ipm-basics-for-christmas-trees#section-2>
3. www.canr.msu.edu/ipm/agriculture/christmas_trees/gdd_of_conifer_insects
4. www.agriculture.nh.gov/publications-forms/documents/landscape-pests.pdf
5. <https://extension.umd.edu/ipm/pest-predictive-calendar-landscapenursery>

**SUBSCRIBE TO THE RUTGERS PLANT AND PEST ADVISORY
FOR THE MOST UP-TO-DATE INFORMATION!**

Contact: twaller@njaes.rutgers.edu for more information

PEST SCOUTING NOTES

WE R HERE WHEN YOU NEED US